

Section One: Vocabulary

آزمون مرداد ۹۹

1. Those children have special educational needs and a lot of attention.

- 1) require 2) involve 3) submit 4) request

2. This course aims to smooth the between education and employment.

- 1) completion 2) assistance
3) accomplishment 4) transition

3. Then network has enabled young to gain experience by working with qualified individuals.

- 1) achievers 2) practitioners 3) procedures 4) talents

4. Many complained about the lack of help she had received.

- 1) mutually 2) joyfully 3) bitterly 4) rationally

5. The new project will hopefully the effects of car pollution.

- 1) lessen 2) consume 3) construct 4) foster

6. The flashing lights dangerous roads ahead.

- 1) forecast 2) constitute 3) anticipate 4) denote

7. Some newspapers rely on layout to attract more readers.

- 1) haphazard 2) observable 3) eye-catching 4) obscure

8. I was very excited about living on my own, but my brother me by telling me difficulties of such a life.

- 1) insured 2) deterred 3) insisted 4) encouraged

کانال تلگرامی استاد مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی t.me/FastZaban

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

1. 1

2. 4

3. 2

4. 3

5. 1

6. 4

7. 3

8. 2

9. The library is situated in a peaceful neighborhood.

- 1) surrounding 2) residential 3) disturbing 4) collapsed

10. The crime rate has decreased on an scale during that time.

- 1) unprecedented 2) appropriate
3) exhaustive 4) intentional

11. I told my friend that my grades were good, but they weren't. I knowingly him.

- 1) deceived 2) surprised 3) notified 4) informed

12. Mr. Johnson's website is fuzzy about his educational background.

- 1) undecidedly 2) identically 3) perpetually 4) purposefully

13. Our instructor said he had no to our plan.

- 1) inclusion 2) satisfaction 3) affection 4) objection

14. It is an interesting job, but it is only

- 1) legal 2) random 3) temporary 4) ultimate

15. We have decided to the committee's recommendations in full.

- 1) implement 2) designate 3) indicate 4) cease

16. The data were and difficult to interpret.

- 1) contradictory 2) differing 3) related 4) transparent

17. Don't your exams. I am sure you will be able to pass them.

- 1) get over 2) worry about 3) depend on 4) hand in

18. Mr. Johnson has some strange ideas, but on this I am inclined to agree with him.

- 1) environment 2) judgment 3) occasion 4) setting

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

9. 2

10. 1

11. 1

12. 4

13. 4

14. 3

15. 1

16. 1

17. 2

18. 3

19. You don't to recall his name, do you?

- 1) trust 2) know 3) happen 4) astonish

20. I have a(n) that Jim is not telling us the truth.

- 1) suspicion 2) disbelief 3) intention 4) implication

21. His decision is to upset a lot of workers in the factory.

- 1) barely 2) largely 3) widely 4) likely

22. Mr. Irani works for an international company, so he regularly goes on business.

- 1) abroad 2) trip 3) journey 4) foreign

23. According to the findings of the study, children oscillate between to progression.

- 1) evolution 2) regression 3) aggression 4) fascination

24. Do you know how to a watch and put it back together?

- 1) put out 2) cut down 3) take apart 4) run into

25. I got a cheap flight to Shiraz at the minute.

- 1) late 2) same 3) last 4) next

برای تهیه ویدئوهای آموزشی جامع و باکیفیت تدریس نکته به نکته گرامر، درک مطلب و لغات

آزمون‌های EPT و MSRT با تدریس استاد مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی به سایت

www.FastZaban.com

مراجعه نمایید: ۰۹۳۶۰۰۴۷۳۳۳۳ مرادی

لینک مستقیم:

<https://fastzaban.com/grammar-reading-offline-course>

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

19. 3

20. 1

21. 4

22. 1

23. 2

24. 3

25. 3

کتاب لغات پایه دبیرستان رسید:

تحلیل سؤالات بخش لغات آزمون مرداد ۹۹:

✓ سطح کلی سؤالات این بخش متوسط بود.

✓ با مطالعه کتاب‌های **Fast Vocab Basic** و **Fast Vocab EPT** ما، داوطلبان می‌توانستند به بیش از ۹۵ درصد سؤالات این بخش پاسخ دهند.

Section Two: Structure Part One

Choose the one which best completes the following sentences.

26. The road is wet; it here last night.

- 1) must have rained
- 2) could have arrived
- 3) should have rained
- 4) would have rained

27. Keep eggs refrigerated, cook them thoroughly, and a cracked one.

- 1) to throw away
- 2) should throw away
- 3) throw away
- 4) you throw away

28. Our English instructor had John the answers on the board.

- 1) to write
- 2) write
- 3) to be written
- 4) writing

29. Today I to class by one of my good friends.

- 1) drive
- 2) was driven
- 3) drove
- 4) have driven

30. Most of us still don't know in such a terrible situation.

- 1) that to do it
- 2) how to do it
- 3) which to do
- 4) what to do

31. John would have repaired the car himself if he the proper tools.

- 1) had had
- 2) had
- 3) would have had
- 4) would have

برای دریافت سؤالات آزمون‌های EPT، MSRT و ... با پاسخ تشریحی و

تحلیل آزمون، به وبسایت www.FastZaban.com

یا کانال تلگرامی ما t.me/FastZaban مراجعه نمایید.

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

26. 1

27. 3

28. 2

29. 2

30. 4

31. 1

32. the law, some people continue to use cell phones while driving.

- 1) Based on
- 2) Because of
- 3) According to
- 4) In spite of

33. We moved to Shiraz five years ago, and we there ever since.

- 1) are living
- 2) had lived
- 3) have been living
- 4) live

34. We went to a good museum yesterday. Today I to the library.

- 1) could be going
- 2) should be gone
- 3) might have gone
- 4) would rather go

35. A football field next to our neighborhood.

- 1) was to build
- 2) is building
- 3) has built
- 4) is to be built

36. had Mary finished one project that she started working on the next.

- 1) No sooner
- 2) Until
- 3) Ever since
- 4) No matter

37. John cannot speak German and

- 1) his friend Jim can either
- 2) his friend Jim cannot too
- 3) so can his friend Jim
- 4) neither can his friend Jim

38. Jim basketball professionally, but he had to quit because of a knee injury.

- 1) has been playing
- 2) used to play
- 3) were played
- 4) must have played

39. you keep ice away from the sun, it melts.

- 1) Because
- 2) However
- 3) Unless
- 4) Since

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

32. 4

33. 3

34. 4

35. 4

36. 1

37. 4

38. 2

39. 3

40. My remarks were meant as a joke, but John by them.

- 1) was offended
- 2) has offended
- 3) offended
- 4) had offended

41. I don't mind my students a comment because they have different opinions on this topic.

- 1) leave
- 2) to leave
- 3) leaving
- 4) left

42. I wish I more seriously at high school.

- 1) was studied
- 2) had studied
- 3) study
- 4) could be studying

43. The students closed the door to avoid

- 1) overhear
- 2) to overhear
- 3) having overheard
- 4) being overheard

44. our recently-designed machine will replace all existing ones.

- 1) Whereas
- 2) Eventually
- 3) Otherwise
- 4) Because

45. Tehran is known to be place in Iran to buy an apartment.

- 1) the most expensive
- 2) a most expensive
- 3) most expensive
- 4) expensive

46. We got to the conference hall almost on time, but some people

- 1) were left
- 2) had been left
- 3) still left
- 4) had already left

47. Their house is located on a hill the river.

- 1) that it overlooks
- 2) that was overlooked
- 3) overlooking
- 4) has been overlooked

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

40. 1

41. 3

42. 2

43. 4

44. 2

45. 1

46. 4

47. 3

48. Not until my son called me worrying about him.

- 1) was I stopped
- 2) I stopped
- 3) did I stop
- 4) I did stop

49. I cannot decide how to deal with the problem and my friends.

- 1) also do
- 2) neither can
- 3) so do
- 4) cannot either

کتاب منحصربفرد **Fast Grammar Lite** (مرور شب امتحان) استاد مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی
در ۱۶۸ صفحهٔ رقعی (نصف A4) به بازار آمد.



پاسخ‌های کلیدی

48. 3

49. 2

50. you do your homework assignment, the sooner you go out.

- 1) Whenever
- 2) As earlier
- 3) The sooner
- 4) At any time

کتاب پرفروش **Fast Grammar** با رکورد فروش بیش از پازده هزار پلد در یک

سال اخیر

The image shows the front cover of the book 'Fast Grammar' by Mehرداد Zangie-Vand. The cover is blue and white with a red diagonal banner in the top left corner that says 'ویرایش جدید' (New Edition). The title 'Fast Grammar' is prominently displayed in the center. Below the title, it says 'گرامر جامع آزمون‌های زبان' (Comprehensive Grammar for Language Exams). The cover lists the exams covered: MSRT, EPT, and MHLE. It also mentions 'تألیف: مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی' (Author: Mehرداد Zangie-Vand). On the right side, there is a list of features in Persian, including 'توضیح نکات درس به زبان ساده به‌همراه آموزش تکنیک‌های تست‌زنی در آزمون' (Explanation of lesson notes in simple language with exam-taking techniques) and 'فصل‌های نمونه با پاسخ‌های تشریحی' (Sample chapters with detailed explanations). At the bottom, there are images of other books in the series: 'Fast Reading', 'Fast Vocabulary', and 'Fast Grammar'. The publisher's logo 'JUNGLE' and the website 'www.FastZaban.com' are also visible.

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

50. 3

Section Two: Structure Part Two

In each of the following sets of sentences, three sentences are grammatically correct and one sentence is not grammatical. Identify the incorrect sentence and mark your answer sheet.

51.

- 1) Amir needs more practice in speaking Italian.
- 2) What time do you have to leave?
- 3) John was supposed to come back yesterday afternoon.
- 4) The company decided not to appoint him neither for the position of clerk nor for that of a cashier.

52.

- 1) We knew there was a gas leak because it smelled really badly inside the house.
- 2) We agreed not to leave earlier than two o'clock.
- 3) Mr. Tehrani has had little opportunity to travel.
- 4) When you are in doubt, check the answers.

برای دانلود رایگان ۴۰ صفحه از کتاب **Fast Grammar**

تألیف **استاد مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی** بر روی لینک زیر کلیک نمایید:

<http://dl.fastzaban.com/Fast-Grammar-9-edition-fastzaban.pdf>

۱۰

برای تهیه ویدئوهای آموزشی جامع و باکیفیت تدریس نکته به نکته **گرامر، درک مطلب و لغات**

آزمون‌های **EPT** و **MSRT** با تدریس استاد **مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی** به سایت

www.FastZaban.com

مراجعه نمایید: +۹۳۶۰۰۴۷۳۳۳ مرادی

لینک مستقیم:

<https://fastzaban.com/grammar-reading-offline-course>

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

51. 4

52. 1

53.

- 1) I have to wake up early tomorrow because I don't live near to the airport.
- 2) There has never been any animosity between us.
- 3) The directions that had been given to me were easy to follow.
- 4) Scarcely did he have time to do his assignments.

54.

- 1) The person for whom Jim has worked is his uncle.
- 2) You must have to complete your assignment.
- 3) It is important to pursue a career that you will enjoy.
- 4) Before leaving, Mary locked the door.

گروه تألیفی-آموزشی استاد مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی، با استناد به آمار رسمی سایت «خانه کتاب»، پرفروش‌ترین برند آموزش زبان ارشد و دکتری کشور در سال‌های ۹۶ تا ۹۸ است.

- برای اطلاع از تعداد چاپ‌های یک کتاب می‌توانید نام آن را در سایت «خانه کتاب»

(www.ketab.org.ir) جستجو کنید.

لینک عنوانین، تیراژ و سال چاپ کتاب‌های استاد مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی را می‌توانید در لینک زیر (از سایت «خانه کتاب») ملاحظه فرمائید:

<http://www.ketab.org.ir/BookList.aspx?Type=Authorid&Code=384187>

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

53. 1

54. 2

55.

- 1) John worked in the school library last year.
- 2) The elevator in the fifth floor does not work.
- 3) I don't know if I believe him because he has a reputation for not saying the truth.
- 4) The test which we took yesterday had been quite easy for us.

56.

- 1) We could shop now if the store were open.
- 2) We didn't know what to do about the situation.
- 3) John wishes she had a larger room.
- 4) Our teacher **emphasizes on** the need for a lot of practice.

توجه: سؤال ۵۶: پاسخ این سؤال فقط گزینه ۴ است و گزینه ۳ هیچ مشکلی ندارد: **John** برای یک خانمی **(she)** آرزو کرده [کجای این جمله غلطه؟؟؟؟؟!!!!!!] (ظاهراً این بار از دست **Nik** جان هم کاری بر نیومده!!!)

بعد از فعل **emphasize** از **حرف اضافه on** استفاده نمی‌شود. هر کسی که ۴ ترم زبان خونده باشه، باید اینو بدونه!!! بعد از اسم **emphasis** هست که از **حرف اضافه on** می‌توان استفاده کرد. طراح گزینه ۴ را به‌عنوان پاسخ در نظر خواهد گرفت. هر پاسخی به غیر از این، از نظر طراح نادرست تلقی خواهد شد. تصویر زیر هم از **Longman** هست. البته صدها منبع موثق علمی دیگر هم همین نکته را تأیید خواهند کرد. فایل pdf که این تست و چند تست دیگر آزمون مرداد از اون مطرح شده بود رو هم در اختیار داریم.

emphasize
verb
BAD: My previous teacher emphasized on the importance of grammar.
GOOD: My previous teacher emphasized the importance of grammar.
emphasize sth (verb) WITHOUT **on**: 'The candidate made a short speech emphasizing the need for solidarity.'
emphasis on sth (noun): 'In all our courses there is an emphasis on student-centred learning.'

EMPHASIZE
INDEX:
1. to emphasize something
2. to emphasize something too strongly

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

55. 4

56. 4

57.

- 1) Yesterday Mary was given a ticket for speeding.
- 2) They use fluorescent bulbs for street lightning.
- 3) We had a terrible storm the day before yesterday.
- 4) Can you tell me when they moved to Kerman?

58.

- 1) You should study more before your final examination.
- 2) Won't you please consider my dissertation proposal?
- 3) I was wondering if could you help me with my project.
- 4) Did John bring his car to school today?

59.

- 1) They had to choose the winner between the red and the blue teams.
- 2) I called John this morning, and he told me he will call me back in a half an hour.
- 3) Jim does not speak French well and his sister doesn't either.
- 4) If I never prepared my assignments, I would fail all my examinations.

60.

- 1) Did Jim begin to study physics?
- 2) I still did my homework at 12:3 p.m. last night.
- 3) Mary takes care of her sick grandmother.
- 4) John can speak Persian although he was born in Sweden.

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

57. 2

58. 3

59. 2

60. 2

61.

- 1) From my point of view, the English class is really helpful.
- 2) Working here is difficult because I don't find time to spend with my family.
- 3) Mary feels well by working for this company.
- 4) When are the supervisors going to deliver their reports?

62.

- 1) The rain extinguished the huge forest fire.
- 2) One of my colleague is from Shiraz.
- 3) Mr. Irani does not live here anymore.
- 4) If I had come to class late, the teacher would have become angry.

63.

- 1) The manager was satisfied with my report.
- 2) Jim had a terrible quarrel with one of his classmates.
- 3) Have all applicants fill out the forms.
- 4) When I turn forty-five, I would have been a teacher for twenty-two years

64.

- 1) Although it was raining, but we went to market.
- 2) Mr. Irani has gone to Gorgan to work.
- 3) Jim should spend more time on his homework assignments.
- 4) Care must be taken not to confuse these two items.

65.

- 1) The boy went for a walk in the park by himself.
- 2) Mary and Sarah still visit each other regularly.
- 3) We may have to postpone our trip if it rains.
- 4) We enjoy to go out for a walk after dinner.

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

61. 3

62. 2

63. 4

64. 1

65. 4

🔍 تحلیل سؤالات بخش گرامر آزمون مرداد ۹۹:

✓ سطح کلی سؤالات بخش گرامر **متوسط رو به ساده** بود.

✓ با مطالعه کتاب‌های **Fast Grammar** یا **Fast Grammar Lite**

ما و نمونه سؤالات یک سال اخیر، داوطلبان می‌توانستند **به‌راحتی** به

بیش از **۹۲ درصد** سؤالات این بخش پاسخ دهند.

برای دریافت پاسخ‌های **کاملاً تشریحی** آزمون‌های ادوار گذشته EPT (تا خرداد ۹۹) با تحلیل همه گزینه‌ها، می‌توانید کتاب بانک سؤالات EPT تألیف استاد مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی را از کتابفروشی‌های زبان معتبر در سراسر کشور یا سایت **www.FastZaban.com** (با ارسال پستی به سراسر کشور) تهیه نمایید.

جلد دوم

**با پاسخ‌های
متن تشریحی**

Fast Bank (EPT)

Fast Bank (EPT)

مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی

**بانک جامع سؤالات
آزمون EPT**

شامل:

- سؤالات آزمون EPT از آبان ۹۷ تا اسفند ۹۸
- ۱۴۰۰ تست با پاسخ کاملاً تشریحی
- تحلیل آزمون‌ها و مشخص کردن مباحث پرکار آزمون
- آموزش نکات تستی
- لیست لغات مهم و پرکار آزمون

مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی

بانک جامع سؤالات آزمون EPT

دیگر آثار منتشر شده از همین مؤلف:

- Fast Vocabulary
- Fast Reading
- Fast Grammar

فایل استفاده داوطلبان آزمون‌های MSRT, MHLE, TOLIMO و کنکور کارشناسی ارشد رشته‌های مختلف

ISBN 978-622-238-017-5

JUNGLE

www.jungle.com

www.FastZaban.com

Passage 1

Through a series of experiments, a scientist has obtained an understanding of the social structure of ant societies. The ants are the only creatures other than man to have given up hunting and collecting for a completely agricultural way of life. In their underground nests they cultivate gardens on soils made from finely-chopped leaves. This is a complex operation **requiring** considerable division of labor. The workers of this type of ant can be divided into four groups according to size. Each of the groups performs a particular set of jobs. The making and taking care of the gardens and the nursing of the young ants are done by the smallest workers. Slightly larger workers are responsible for cutting leaves to make them suitable for use in the gardens and for cleaning the nest. A third group of still larger ants do the construction work and collect fresh leaves from outside the nest. The largest are the soldier ants, responsible for defending the nest.

To find out how **good** the various size groups are at different tasks, the scientist measured the amount of work done by the ants against the amount of energy they used. He examined first the gathering and carrying of leaves. He selected one of the size groups, and then measured how efficiently these ants could find leaves and run back to the nest. Then he repeated the experiment for each of the other size groups. In this way he could see whether any group could do the job more efficiently than the group normally undertaking it.

The intermediate-sized ants that normally perform this task proved to be the most efficient for their energy costs, but when the scientist examined the whole set of jobs performed by each group of ants, it appeared that some sizes of worker ants were not ideally suited to the particular jobs they performed.

66. In paragraph 1, line 5, "requiring" can be rewritten as

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| 1) Which it is required | 2) that requires |
| 3) that is requiring | 4) it requires |

67. In paragraph 2, line 1, "good" is closest in meaning to

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1) efficient | 2) cooperating |
| 3) willing | 4) responsive |

68. The most suitable title for this passage is

- 1) Ants' Performing Different Tasks
- 2) Division of Labor
- 3) Structure of the Ant Societies
- 4) Efficiency of Ants

69. According to the passage, the ants

- 1) go hunting for a living
- 2) grow something in their nests
- 3) cut leaves to make life easy
- 4) do each of the jobs all together

70. Based on the passage, which of the following sentences is true?

- 1) The scientist divided worker ants according to energy production.
- 2) Research showed that some worker ants were not suitable for certain tasks.
- 3) It is clear that chopping leaves is a hard work.
- 4) The ants are the only creatures other than man that perform complex operations.

FastZaban.com گروه تألیفی - آموزشی استاد
مهرداد زنگنه وندی



بسته کامل آزمون EPT دانشگاه آزاد

نحوه تهیه این بسته

برای تهیه این بسته می‌توانید به کتابفروشی‌های سراسر کشور مراجعه کنید و یا از وبسایت فست زبان بصورت آنلاین سفارش دهید و درب منزل تحویل بگیرید. ارسال این بسته به سراسر کشور بصورت رایگان انجام می‌شود.

**Fast Grammar
Fast Vocab
Fast Reading
بانک سؤالات EPT (تشریحی)**

برای اطلاع از کلاس‌های فشرده گرامر و درک مطلب به سایت فست زبان مراجعه نمایید.

09360047333
FastZaban.com



71. The experiments made by the scientist were based on

- 1) systematic observations
- 2) observations of an undisturbed nest
- 3) occasional observations of underground nests
- 4) observations of ants defending the nest

72. In which ways are the ants different from other non-human societies?

- 1) Individuals perform different functions.
- 2) Individuals vary in social status.
- 3) They do not need to look after shelter.
- 4) They do not need to search for food.

73. It seems that smaller ants perform more of the

- 1) heavy work
- 2) construction tasks
- 3) defensive work
- 4) domestic tasks

74. The organization of the ants has the effect of

- 1) each ant helping with all the tasks
- 2) getting the most work done
- 3) each ant doing what it can do best
- 4) dividing up the work systematically

75. Based on the passage, which of the following sentences is NOT true?

- 1) The smallest ants under investigation took care of the young ants.
- 2) It is the responsibility of the largest ants to defend the nest.
- 3) Some ants observed were involved in construction work.
- 4) Cleaning the nest is the duty of the second group of larger ants.

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

66. 2

67. 1

68. 3

69. 2

70. 2

71. 1

72. 4

73. 4

74. 4

75. 4

Passage 2

Let children learn to judge their own work. A child learning to talk does not learn by being corrected all the time. If corrected too much, he will stop talking. He notices a thousand times a day the difference between the language he uses and the language those around him use. Bit by bit, he makes the necessary changes to make his language like other people's. In the same way, children learn all the other things they learn to do without being taught - to talk, run, climb, whistle, ride a bicycle - compare their own performances with those of more skilled people, and slowly make the needed changes. But in school we never give a child a chance to find out his mistakes for himself, let alone correct them. We do it all for him. We act as if we thought that he would never notice a mistake unless it was pointed out to him, or correct it unless he was made to. Soon he becomes dependent on the teacher. Let him do it himself. Let him work out, with the help of other children if he wants it, what this word says, what the answer is to that problem, whether this is a good way of saying or doing this or not.

If it is a matter of right answers, as it may be in mathematics or science, give him the answer book. Let him correct his own papers. Why should we teachers waste time on such routine work? Our job should be to help the child when he tells us that he can't find the way to get the right answer. Let's end all this nonsense of grades, exams, and marks. Let us throw them all out, and let the children learn what all educated persons must someday learn, how to measure their own understanding, how to know what they know or do not know.

Let them get on with this job in the way that seems most sensible to them, with our help as school teachers if they ask for it. The idea that there is a body of knowledge to be learnt at school and used for the rest of one's life is nonsense in a world as complicated and rapidly changing as ours. Anxious parents and teachers say, "But suppose they fail to learn something essential, something they will need to get on in the world?" Don't worry! If it is essential, they will go out into the world and learn it.

76. In paragraph 1, line 7, "those" refers to

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 1) mistakes | 2) performances |
| 3) children | 4) skills |

77. In paragraph 3, line 4, "Anxious", is the OPPOSITE of

- | | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 1) Carefree | 2) Worried | 3) Assured | 4) Hesitant |
|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|

78. The most suitable title for the passage is

- 1) Let children learn by themselves
- 2) Let children make necessary changes
- 3) Let us make children learn
- 4) Let teachers correct children

79. According to the passage, the best way for children to learn is by

- 1) pointing out children's mistakes whenever found
- 2) listening to the complaints of skilled people
- 3) copying what other people do
- 4) making mistakes and having children repeat them

80. Based on the passage, which of the following sentences is NOT true?

- 1) Teachers should allow children to assess their own work.
- 3) Teachers should point out children's mistakes to them.
- 2) Teachers should help children to find answers to their questions.
- 4) Teachers should encourage children to learn without being taught.

81. According to the passage, school teachers should

- 1) allow children to learn from each other.
- 2) point out children's mistakes whenever found.
- 3) correct children's mistakes as soon as possible.
- 4) give children more necessary information.

82. The passage suggests that learning to speak and learning to ride a bicycle are

- 1) really important skills but not as important as other skills
- 2) essentially different from learning other skills
- 3) probably more important than other skills
- 4) basically the same as learning other skills

83. Exams and grades should be abolished because children's progress should only be estimated by

- 1) the children themselves
- 2) more knowledgeable persons
- 3) children's own teachers
- 4) children's classmates

84. The author fears that children will grow up in adults who are

- 1) too independent of others
- 2) unable to think for themselves
- 3) unable to use basic skills
- 4) too critical of themselves

توجه: سؤال ۸۴: پاسخ این سؤال فقط گزینه ۲ است و گزینه ۱ (که توسط برخی از مدرسان به عنوان پاسخ تست انتخاب شده) کاملاً غلط است! صورت سؤال می‌گوید که «نویسنده از این می‌ترسد که کودکان به بزرگسالانی تبدیل شوند که ...»

کل متن از همان سطر اول می‌گوید که:

Let children learn to judge their own work ...

«به کودکان اجازه دهید کار خود را مورد قضاوت قرار دهند». و در قسمت‌های دیگر هم نویسنده می‌کوشد تا ما را متقاعد کند که بایستی به کودکان اجازه دهیم به معلم و بزرگترها وابسته نباشند و خودشان کسب تجربه کرده و از هم‌سن و سال‌هایشان یاد بگیرند:

children learn all the other things they learn to do without being taught ...

پس، گزینه ۱ (بدلیل استفاده از independent) کاملاً غلط است. طراح گزینه ۲ را به عنوان پاسخ صحیح در نظر خواهد گرفت. هر پاسخی به غیر از این، از نظر طراح نادرست تلقی خواهد شد.

85. The passage suggests that children should be encouraged to their own things

- 1) with some timely help from their parents
- 2) without others' help providing they are mature enough
- 3) and helps can be provided only when necessary
- 4) without being learned

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

76. 2

77. 1

78. 1

79. 3

80. 2

81. 1

82. 4

83. 1

84. 2

85. 3

Section Four: Cloze Passage

کانال استاد مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی: t.me/FastZaban

Directions: Words or phrases are omitted from the following passage, and they are numbered 86 to 100. With reference to the numbers in the passage choose (1), (2), (3), or (4) that best completes each blank. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the item and mark your answer.

About one out of ten people is left-handed. As the ...(86)... of the population is right-handed, the left-handed person may face problems in ...(87)... his every day activities. For example, the left-handed person may have difficulties ...(88)... objects that are made for right-handed people. These objects ...(89)... can-openers, scissors and various musical instruments.

Why are some people left-handed? One theory ...(90)... is that our body is 'asymmetrical'. This means that both ...(91)... of our bodies are not exactly the same. For example, your right foot ...(92)... slightly larger than your left one. Your right hand may be different in appearance ...(93)... your left hand. This kind of 'asymmetry' ...(94)... throughout the whole body.

When we come to the brain, there is a left half and a right half ...(95)... . These two halves have very different ...(96)... . The left half of the brain deals ...(97)... logical functions such as reading and writing. The right half, on the other hand, ...(98)... us to think creatively. For people who are right-handed, it is the left side of the brain that ...(99)... . For left-handed people, however, ...(100)... is true. For them, it is the right side of the brain that is dominant. Thus, such people would tend to use the left side of their bodies in whatever they do.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 86. 1) number | 2) majority | 3) total | 4) average |
| 87. 1) demonstrating | | 2) enduring | |
| | 3) performing | 4) accepting | |
| 88. 1) opening | 2) raising | 3) using | 4) developing |
| 89. 1) include | 2) consist | 3) encounter | 4) enclose |
| 90. 1) for this | 2) in that | 3) as such | 4) on how |
| 91. 1) domains | 2) structures | 3) sections | 4) halves |
| 92. 1) will exactly be | | 2) should be | |
| | 3) may be | 4) is surely | |
| 93. 1) with | 2) as | 3) from | 4) of |
| 94. 1) resembles | 2) rejects | 3) depends on | 4) takes place |
| 95. 1) as well | 2) so that | 3) because | 4) therefore |
| 96. 1) aspects | 2) destinations | 3) functions | 4) reasons |

گروه تألیفی-آموزشی استاد مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی (برترین و پرفروش‌ترین برند زبان ارشد و دکتری در ایران)

97. 1) to 2) in 3) for 4) with
98. 1) lets 2) makes 3) encourages 4) helps
99. 1) centralizes 2) predominates 3) distinguishes 4) subordinates
100. 1) the difference 2) the reverse
 3) the logic 4) the theory

سطح سؤالات این بخش، ساده بود.

FastZaban.com

گروه تالیفی - آموزشی استاد
مهرداد زنگیه‌وندی



بسته کامل آزمون EPT دانشگاه آزاد

نحوه تهیه این بسته

برای تهیه این بسته می‌توانید به کتابفروشی‌های سراسر کشور مراجعه کنید و یا از وبسایت **فست زبان** بصورت آنلاین سفارش دهید و درب منزل تحویل بگیرید. ارسال این بسته به سراسر کشور بصورت رایگان انجام می‌شود.

Fast Grammar
Fast Vocab
Fast Reading
بانک سؤالات EPT (تشریحی)

برای اطلاع از کلاس‌های فشرده
گرامر و درک مطلب به سایت **فست زبان** مراجعه نمایید.



09360047333
FastZaban.com

پاسخ‌های کلیدی

86. 2

87. 3

88. 3

89. 1

90. 1

91. 4

92. 3

93. 3

94. 4

95. 1

96. 3

97. 4

98. 4

99. 2

100. 2